

Asset and Wealth Management Activities Survey 2022

August 2023

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Highlights

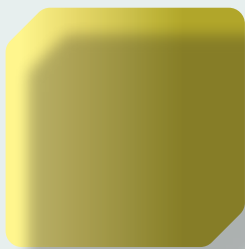
Global challenges: 2022 was a challenging year for the industry as a result of the global economic downturn, the impact of the Russia-Ukraine conflict, and the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Resilient performance: The industry's total assets under management (AUM) of HK\$30,541 billion at the end of 2022, a decrease of 1% from the end of 2021, was resilient. The AUM of the industry decreased by 14% year-on-year, while the AUM of the industry decreased by 15% from the end of 2021 to the end of 2022. The AUM of the industry decreased by 143% from the end of 2021 to the end of 2022.

Hong Kong-domiciled funds rebounded: Hong Kong-domiciled funds rebounded in 2022. The AUM of Hong Kong-domiciled funds rebounded 15% from the end of 2021 to the end of 2022, from \$1,335 billion to \$1,535 billion. The AUM of Hong Kong-domiciled funds rebounded 15% from the end of 2021 to the end of 2022, from \$1,335 billion to \$1,535 billion.

Mainland-related firms up in number and AUM: The number of mainland-related firms increased by 17% and the AUM of mainland-related firms increased by 17% from the end of 2021 to the end of 2022, from 132 firms to 154 firms.

Increase in the number of asset management firms and industry staff count steady: During 2022, the number of asset management firms increased by 5% year-on-year, while the industry staff count remained steady.



Section I A

Asset and Wealth Management Business

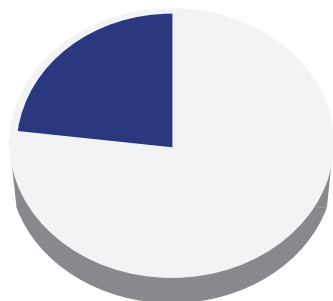
Hong Kong-domiciled SFC-authorized funds

As at 31 December 2022, the number of Hong Kong-domiciled SFC-authorized funds decreased by 5% year-on-year to 911. While the average size (NAV) decreased 14% year-on-year to \$1,288 billion (US\$165 billion)¹⁰, the average size of funds decreased 15% from the end of 2021 to \$1,335 billion (US\$171 billion) at the end of 2022. Net inflows of \$69 billion (US\$8.9 billion) were recorded in the first half of 2022 and net inflows of 2023, were expected to be 300% compared to the first half of 2022 (US\$4 billion (US\$55 billion) (US\$4.4 billion)).

⁹ The number of AUM funds was 1,000 as at REIT.

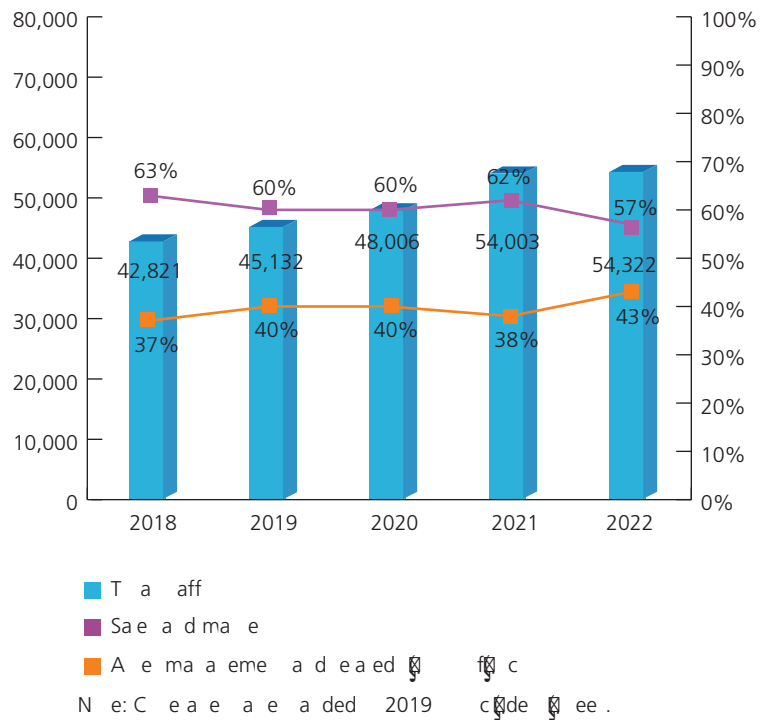
¹⁰ The number of 911 Hong Kong-domiciled SFC-authorized funds decreased by 5% year-on-year to 911. The average size (NAV) decreased 14% year-on-year to \$1,288 billion (US\$165 billion). The NAV amount was \$429 billion (US\$55 billion).

¹¹ The first half of 2022 saw a decrease of 15% in the number of funds.



Asset and Wealth Management Business Staff Profile

Chart 2A: Asset and Wealth Management Business Staff Profile – by Job Function



- The number of administrative and clerical staff increased to 54,322 in 2022. The number of administrative and clerical staff increased from 38% to 43%, and the number of non-affiliated staff decreased by 12% to 23,107.



Section I B

Asset Management and Fund Advisory Business

Asset Management and Fund Advisory Business¹³ – An Overview

3. The net income generated from the management and advisory fees received by the company, including the management and advisory fees received from the investment management firm, is used to pay the operating expenses of the company.
4. The management and advisory fees received by the company are used to pay the operating expenses of the company. The management and advisory fees received from the investment management firm are used to pay the operating expenses of the company.

Chart 3A: Asset Management and Fund Advisory Business

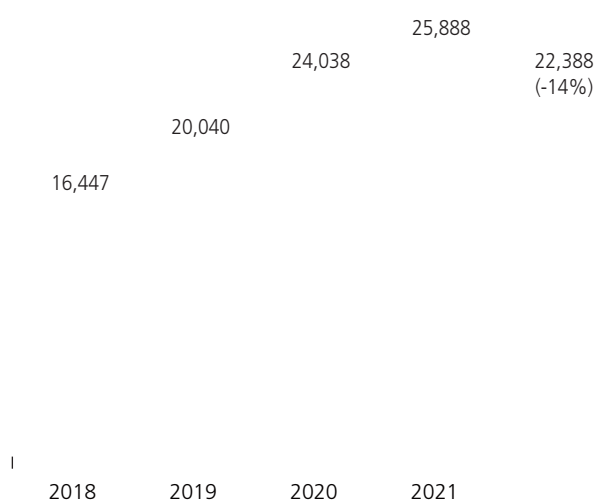
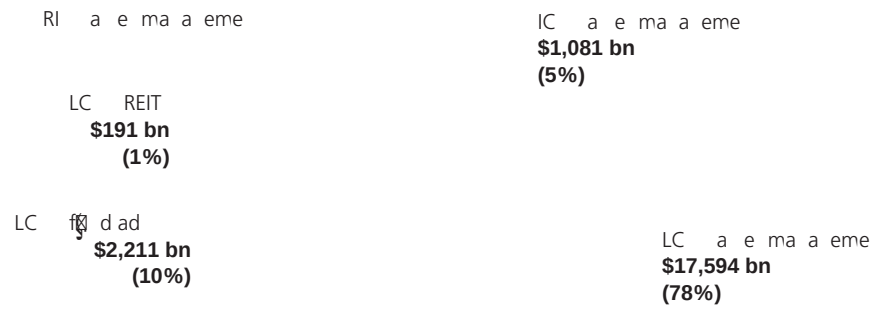


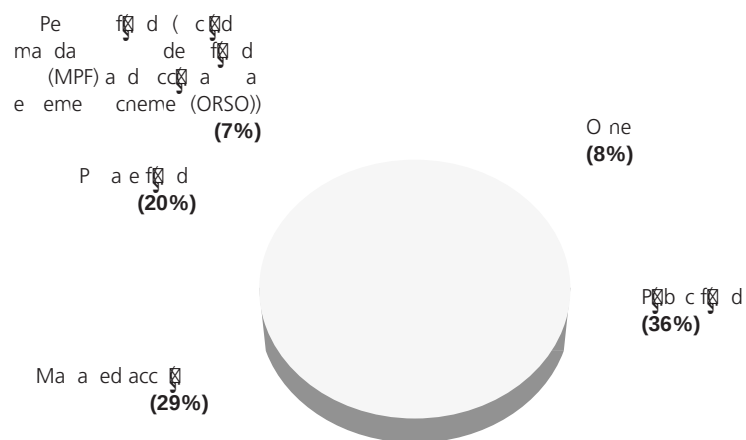
Chart 3B: Asset Management and Fund Advisory Business (\$22,388 billion)
– by Market Player



5. The asset management and fund advisory business of the company increased by 13% to \$19,996 billion in 2022.
6. The number of fund assets under management increased by 5% to 2,069 billion as of December 31, 2022, from 1,979 billion as of December 31, 2021. The number of fund assets under management increased by 2% to 13,786 billion from 13,786 billion in 2021.

8. Public fund, could be non-SFC-authorized fund and not exempt from the fund rule, accounted for 36% of new asset management and fund advisory business.¹⁷ In HK in 2022, fund management accounted for (29%) and asset fund (20%). Hedge fund (7%) and asset management and investment (7%) were excluded from the fund.

**Chart 5A: Asset Management and Fund Advisory Business¹⁷
(\$22,197 billion) – by Product Type**



**Chart 5B: Asset Management and Fund Advisory Business¹⁷
(\$22,197 billion) – by Product Type (2022 vs 2021)**

¹⁷ Excludes REIT.

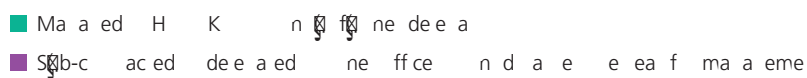
¹⁸ Some asset fund from HK are exempt from the fund rule. Accounted for 36% of new asset management and fund advisory business in HK in 2022 (2021: 36%).

Asset Management Business¹⁹ – Analysis by Location of Management



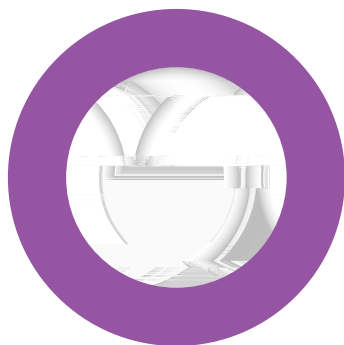
9. A e ~~5~~ ea, m e na na f f ne a e ma a eme
b~~5~~ e a ma a ed H K a a 31 Decembe 2022. A e
ma a ed H K made ~~5~~ 57% f ne e a a¹⁹.

Chart 6: Asset Management Business¹⁹ (2022: \$19,986 billion)
– by Location of Management



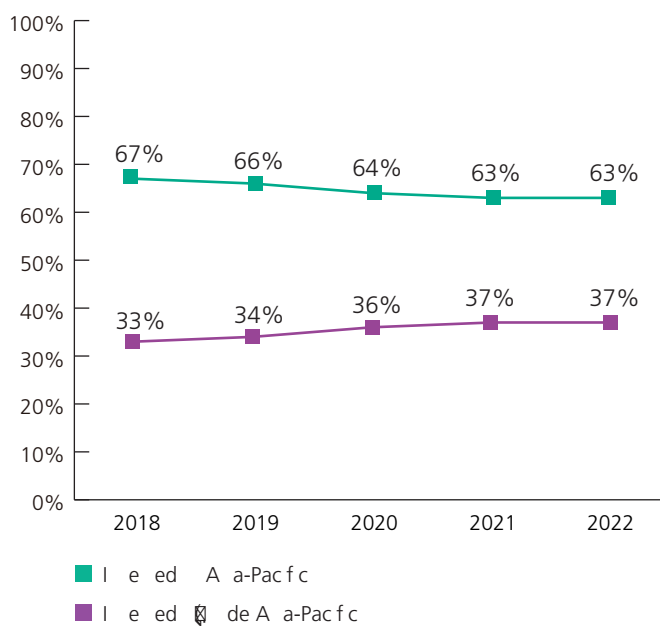
¹⁹ E c o d e f d a d b e a d REIT .

Assets Managed in Hong Kong²⁰ – Analysis by Geographical Distribution of Investments



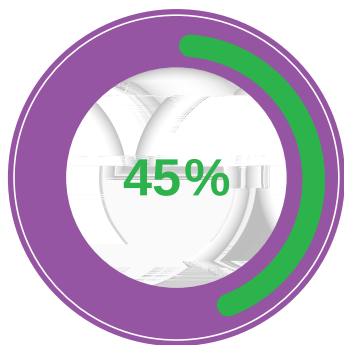
10. Assets managed in Hong Kong²⁰ decreased by 13% from \$13,085 billion in 2021 to \$11,436 billion as at 31 December 2022.

Chart 7A: Assets Managed in Hong Kong²⁰ (2022: \$11,436 billion) – by Geographical Distribution of Investments



11. Hong Kong managed invested mainly in Asia-Pacific region, accounting for 63% of net assets managed in Hong Kong²⁰ in 2022.

²⁰ Excludes fund of funds and REITs.



Assets invested in Mainland China and Hong Kong

12. HK remained a preferred market for fund managers, with the net inflows of \$2,631 billion, representing 23% of the total assets managed in 2022. The net inflows in Mainland China remained steady, accounting for 22% of the total assets managed in HK.

Chart 7B: Assets Managed in Hong Kong²¹ (\$11,436 billion) – by Geographical Distribution of Investments

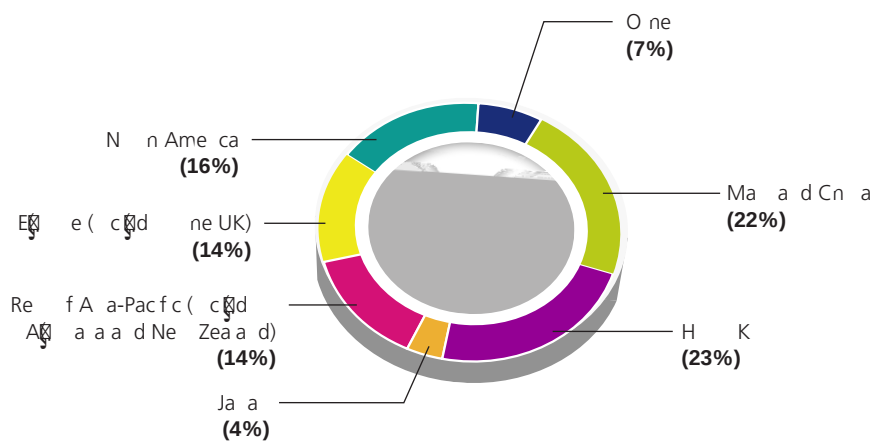
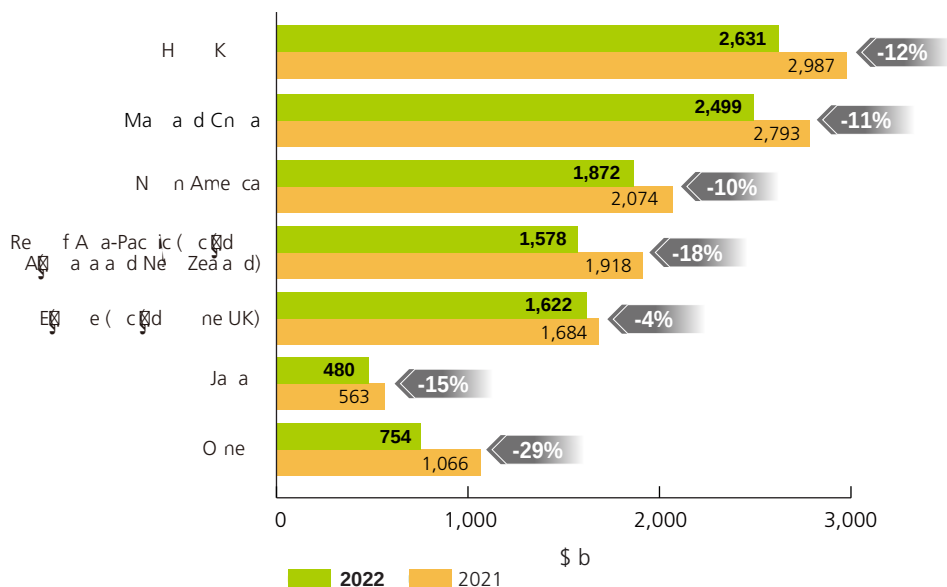


Chart 7C: Assets Managed in Hong Kong²¹ (\$11,436 billion) – by Geographical Distribution of Investments (2022 vs 2021)



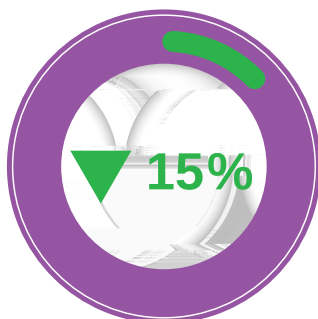
²¹ Excludes fund assets managed by REITs.



Section I C

Private Banking and Private Wealth

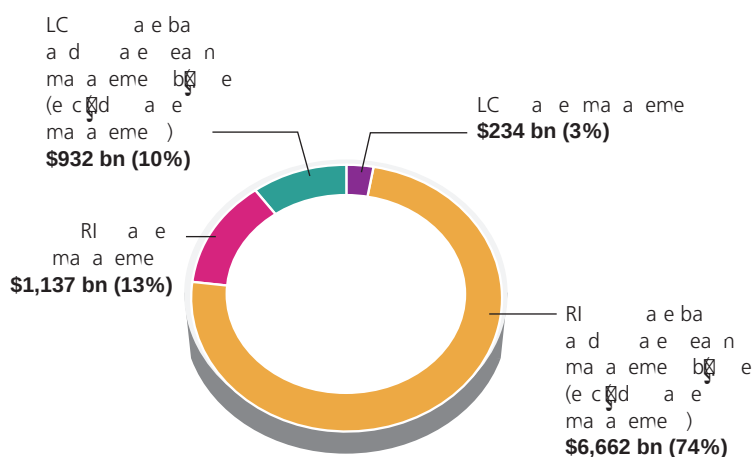
Private Banking and Private Wealth Management Business²³ – An Overview



Private banking and private wealth management business

15. As at 31 December 2022, the private banking and private wealth management business decreased by 15% to \$8,965 billion. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the private banking business, which decreased by 15% to \$8,965 billion. The decrease in the private banking business was primarily due to a decrease in the private banking business, which decreased by 15% to \$8,965 billion.
16. The private banking and private wealth management business decreased by 15% to \$8,965 billion. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the private banking business, which decreased by 15% to \$8,965 billion.

Chart 9: Private Banking and Private Wealth Management Business (\$8,965 billion) – by Market Player



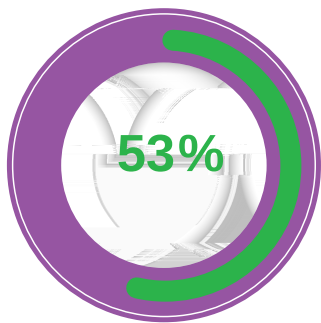
17. As at 31 December 2022, the private banking and private wealth management business decreased by 23% to \$10,365 billion. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the private banking business, which decreased by 23% to \$10,365 billion.

²³ See page 54 for the definition of private banking and private wealth management business.

²⁴ The private banking and private wealth management business decreased by 15% to \$8,965 billion. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the private banking business, which decreased by 15% to \$8,965 billion.

²⁵ The private banking and private wealth management business decreased by 23% to \$10,365 billion. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the private banking business, which decreased by 23% to \$10,365 billion.

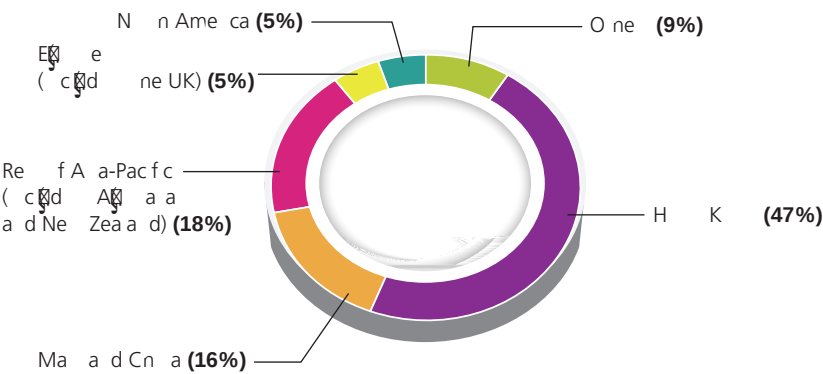
Private Banking and Private Wealth Management Business – Analysis by Investor Base



Assets sourced from non-Hong Kong investors

18. As at 31 December 2022, 53% of net AUM by net assets base and net earnings attributable to the shareholders of the HK Exempt Limited, managed from the Asia-Pacific region.

Chart 10: Private Banking and Private Wealth Management Business (\$8,965 billion) – by Investor Base



Private Banking and Private Wealth Management Business – Analysis by Client Type

19. As at 31 December 2022, the assets under management of the Private Banking and Private Wealth Management Business were \$8,965 billion, of which 96% were managed on behalf of professional investors.

Chart 11A: Private Banking and Private Wealth Management Business (\$8,965 billion) – by Client Type

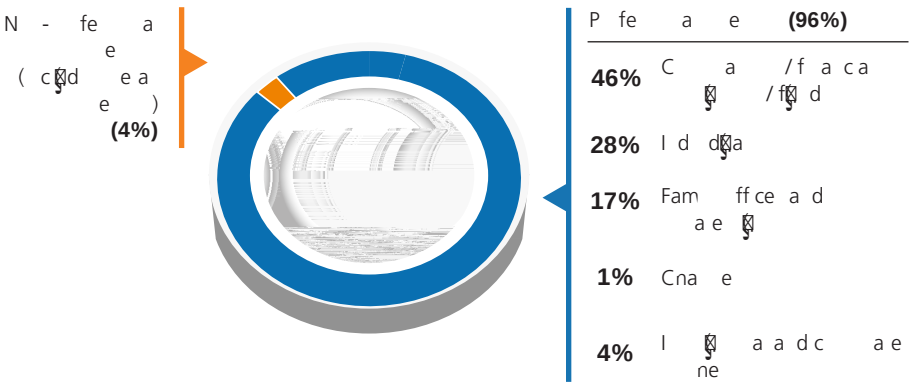
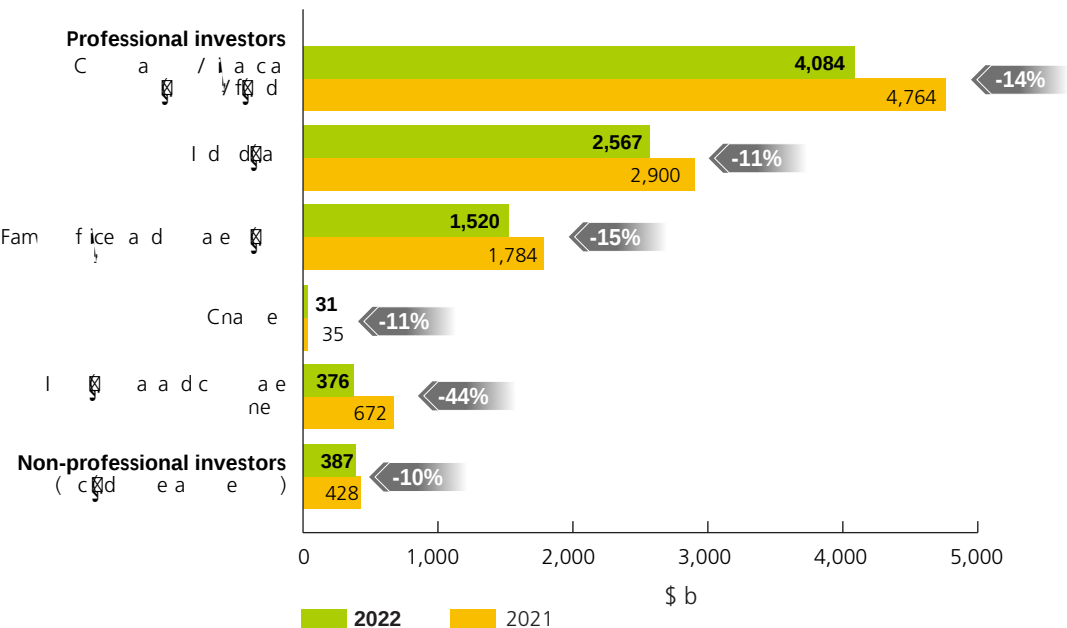
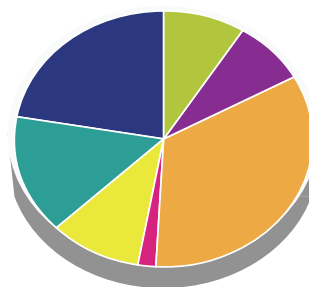


Chart 11B: Private Banking and Private Wealth Management Business (\$8,965 billion) – by Client Type (2022 vs 2021)



²⁶ See page 55 for the definition of professional investors.



Section I D

Assets Held under Trusts

24. Publicidade fiduciária, criada pela Lei nº 12.761/2012 (MPF) e pela Lei nº 13.042/2014 (ORSO), acumulou 70% da receita líquida de 2022.

Chart 15A: Assets Held under Trusts (\$5,006 billion) – by Client Type

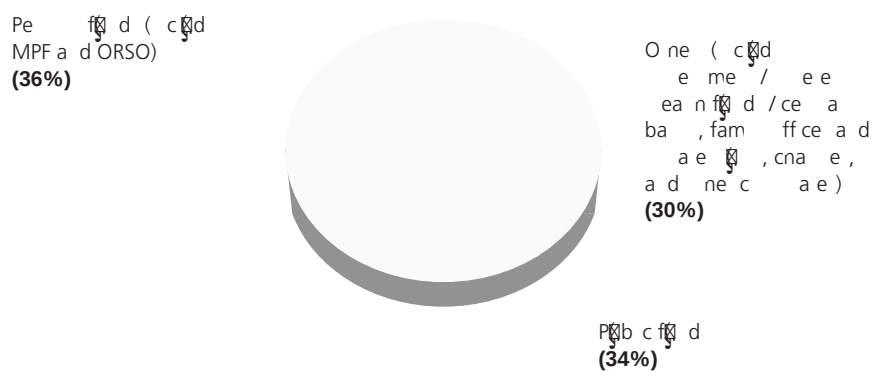


Chart 15B: Assets Held under Trusts (\$5,006 billion) – by Client Type (2022 vs 2021)

Section I E

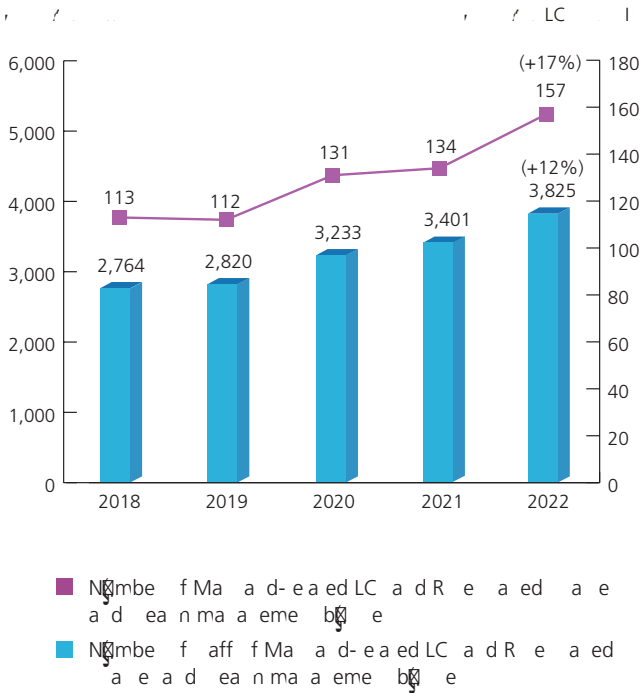
Asset and Wealth Management Business of Mainland-related Firms



Asset and Wealth Management Business of Mainland-related LCs and RIs

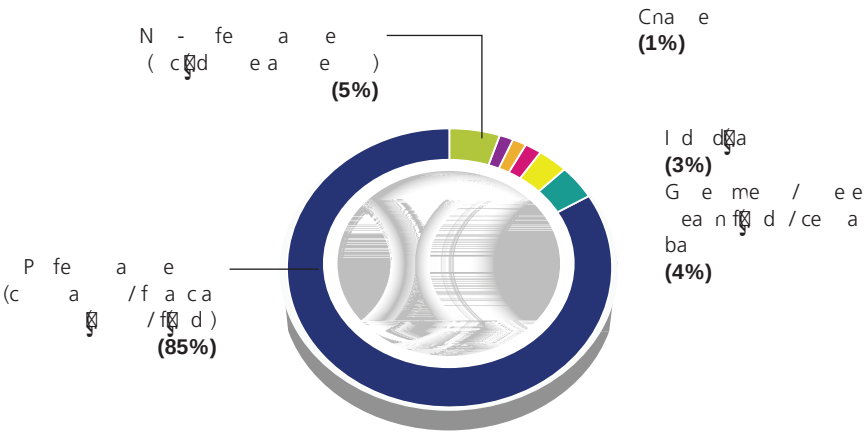
26. The number of Mainland-related LCs and RIs engaged in asset and wealth management business increased by 17% and 12%, respectively.

Chart 17: Number of Mainland-related LCs and RIs and Number of their Staff Engaged in Asset and Wealth Management Business



Asset Management and Fund Advisory Business of Mainland-related LCs and RIs – Analysis by Client and Product Types

Chart 18: Asset Management and Fund Advisory Business of Mainland-related LCs and RIs (\$2,059 billion) by Client Type



Section II

Hong Kong as the Pre-eminent Offshore Renminbi Centre

II. Hong Kong as the Pre-eminent Offshore Renminbi Centre

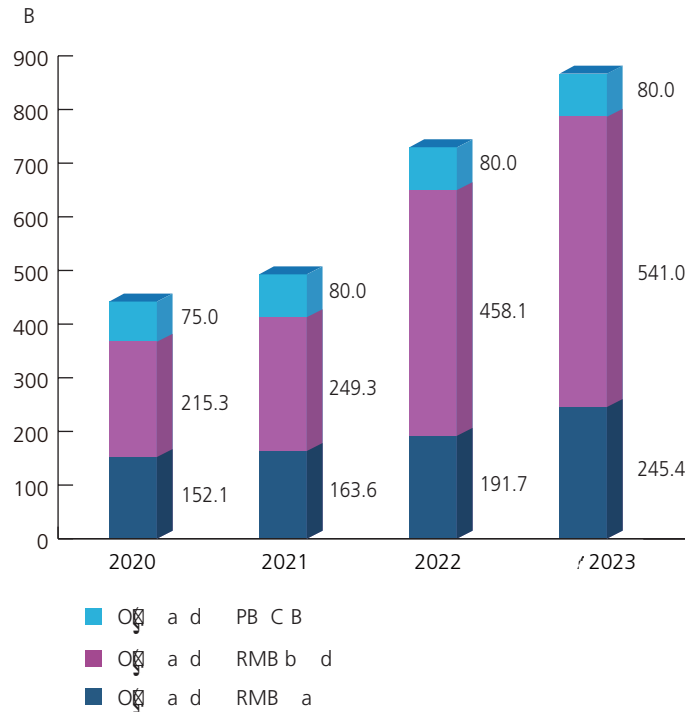
Hong Kong remains the pre-eminent offshore Renminbi (RMB) centre for a decade after RMB financial liberalisation.

Hong Kong's non-resident RMB deposits increased by 60% following the RMB devaluation. The year-ended RMB891.7 billion as at end-March 2023, a 7% increase from December 2022. The currency has been the most popular offshore RMB currency, with a 70% fall in RMB volume. The absolute value of the RMB devaluation has not been reflected in Hong Kong's offshore RMB balance (denominated in RMB). In 2022, the RMB balance of Hong Kong's offshore RMB balance sheet rose from 100% to 100%. By end-March 2023, the balance had risen to RMB540 billion, a 10% increase from the RMB80 billion at the end of the previous year.

The currency's value has been a factor in the March-April Hong Kong market's acceptance of the new RMB devaluation. The RMB balance sheet has been a factor in the RMB balance sheet.

The value of the RMB balance sheet has been a factor in the March-April Hong Kong market's acceptance of the new RMB devaluation. The RMB balance sheet has been a factor in the RMB balance sheet.

Chart 21: RMB Financing Activities in Hong Kong



Source: Hong Kong Monetary Authority
(Figures as at 31 March 2023 and 31 December for 2022, 2021 and 2020)

HKD-RMB Dual Counter Stock Trading

The HKD-RMB dual counter mechanism, introduced in the HK stock market, allows investors to trade Hong Kong-listed securities in either Hong Kong dollars (HKD) or Renminbi (RMB). This mechanism has significantly increased the liquidity of the Hong Kong stock market, particularly for RMB-denominated securities. As of 30 June 2023, 24 HK-listed companies have adopted the dual counter mechanism, representing approximately 40% of the total market capitalization.

Moreover, the SFC has been working closely with the CSRC to enhance the cross-border RMB-denominated securities market. This includes facilitating the listing of RMB-denominated securities in Hong Kong and the RMB-denominated securities in the mainland. The SFC has also been working to improve the settlement and clearing of RMB-denominated securities, ensuring a smooth and efficient trading environment.

MRF between the Mainland and Hong Kong

Retail RMB-denominated and Related Products

Chart 24: Number and Value of SFC-authorized RMB Investment Products

²⁹ C m :

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- (b) a d am f ed c ed e me d c ed RMB;
- (c) RMB-de m a ed acc e e f a e d c neme n RMB fea e ;
- (d) ma e ca a a f RMB REIT; a d
- (e) a e a e a e a e f RMB-de m a ed na e ca e f ed f d (-RMB de m a ed) n cn e e ffe ed H K e .

³⁰

Section III

Recent Developments and Outlook

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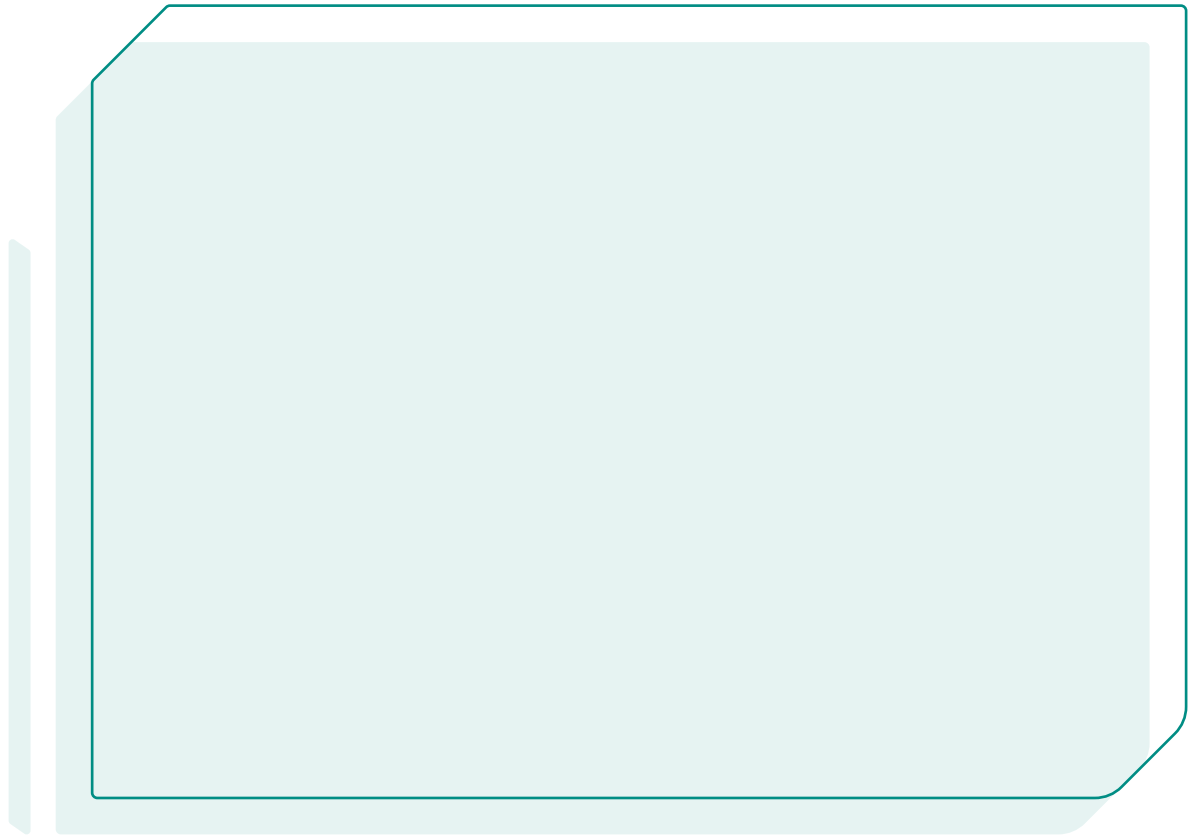
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Greater Bay Area Wealth Management Connect

The Greater Bay Area Wealth Management Connect (WMC) scheme is a pilot scheme in Hong Kong and the Mainland China to facilitate the cross-border flow of funds between Hong Kong and the Mainland China. The scheme is a pilot scheme in Hong Kong and the Mainland China to facilitate the cross-border flow of funds between Hong Kong and the Mainland China.

Since the scheme's launch, a total of 10,000 participants have been registered. The scheme has been successful in attracting a large number of participants, with a total of 10,000 participants registered. The scheme has been successful in attracting a large number of participants, with a total of 10,000 participants registered.

The scheme is a pilot scheme in Hong Kong and the Mainland China to facilitate the cross-border flow of funds between Hong Kong and the Mainland China. The scheme is a pilot scheme in Hong Kong and the Mainland China to facilitate the cross-border flow of funds between Hong Kong and the Mainland China.



³² The academic mechanism designed to affect the academic excellence of the
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Virtual asset futures ETFs

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Mutual recognition of funds

The SFC has been working with the HKMA to facilitate the mutual recognition of funds between the two jurisdictions. The SFC has been working with the HKMA to facilitate the mutual recognition of funds between the two jurisdictions. The SFC has been working with the HKMA to facilitate the mutual recognition of funds between the two jurisdictions.

A fund's ability to be recognised by the SFC is a key factor in determining its eligibility for investment in Hong Kong. The SFC has been working with the HKMA to facilitate the mutual recognition of funds between the two jurisdictions.

Under the new regime, the SFC has been working with the HKMA to facilitate the mutual recognition of funds between the two jurisdictions. The SFC has been working with the HKMA to facilitate the mutual recognition of funds between the two jurisdictions. The SFC has been working with the HKMA to facilitate the mutual recognition of funds between the two jurisdictions.

In late 2022, the CSRC announced that it had approved the SFC's application for mutual recognition of funds between the two jurisdictions. The SFC has been working with the HKMA to facilitate the mutual recognition of funds between the two jurisdictions. The SFC has been working with the HKMA to facilitate the mutual recognition of funds between the two jurisdictions.



Enhancing the regulatory regime for better investor protection

Investment-linked assurance schemes

Since 30 April 2023, all investment-linked assurance schemes (ILAS) are required to be licensed by the HK SFC. The SFC has published a FAQ to assist ILAS in understanding the requirements. As of 30 June 2023, the SFC has received 16 ILAS applications for licensing.

The licensed ILAS are required to be licensed by the SFC. In November 2021, the SFC issued a notice to the ILAS industry regarding the requirements for licensing. As of 30 June 2023, the SFC has received 16 ILAS applications for licensing. The SFC has issued a notice to the ILAS industry regarding the requirements for licensing. The SFC has issued a notice to the ILAS industry regarding the requirements for licensing.

³³ The ILAS fee is a fee payable by the ILAS to the SFC for the purpose of licensing. The ILAS fee is a fee payable by the ILAS to the SFC for the purpose of licensing. The ILAS fee is a fee payable by the ILAS to the SFC for the purpose of licensing.

**Licensing/
registration of
depositories of
SFC-authorized
funds**

[illegible]

**Pooled
retirement funds**

The 12-month period ended 30 November 2022. The
 fund had net assets of £1,000,000 at the start of the
 period and net assets of £1,000,000 at the end of the
 period. The fund had a net asset value of £1,000,000 at the
 start of the period and a net asset value of £1,000,000 at the
 end of the period. The fund had a net asset value of £1,000,000 at the
 start of the period and a net asset value of £1,000,000 at the
 end of the period.

Fostering the development of green and sustainable finance

Asset managers

The SFC's *Guidance on Environmental and Social Risk Management* for asset managers came into effect on 20 November 2022. It sets out the SFC's expectations for asset managers to manage environmental and social risks in their investment portfolios. The SFC expects asset managers to implement effective measures to manage these risks.

ESG funds

As of 31 March 2023, there were 188 SFC-authorized ESG funds with AUM of US\$151.7 billion, representing a 55% and 6% increase from the end of 2021 and 2022, respectively. The SFC noted that the growth of ESG funds reflects the increasing demand for sustainable investment products.

Ensuring an orderly market

Unauthorised CIS alert list

The SFC ef m e a ce fad e eme a d na d e
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e me n a a a a eme f c a e .

1. The A e a d Wea n Ma a eme Ac e S e (AWMAS) c dced a Ma b ne
Sec e a d F e C mm (SFC) c ec f ma a d da a ne a e a d ea n

Details of Survey Respondents

Licensed corporations

1. A breakdown of the activities of the 1,049 licensed corporations is as follows:

Insurance companies (AM), ()	694
Insurance companies (ADV) ()	73
Insurance companies (PB) ()	15
Insurance companies (AM and ADV)	225
Insurance companies (AM and PB)	17
Insurance companies (ADV and PB)	3
Insurance companies (AM, ADV and PB)	22
	1,049

Registered institutions

2. A breakdown of the activities of the 47 registered institutions is as follows:

Insurance companies (AM)	4
Insurance companies (PB)	35
Insurance companies (AM and PB)	8
	47

Insurance companies

3. 38 insurance companies are licensed to conduct business in Hong Kong, 1 insurance company is licensed to conduct business in the Mainland, 1 insurance company is licensed to conduct business in the SFC, and 1 insurance company is licensed to conduct business in the SFC.

Trustees

4. 28 trustees are registered in Hong Kong and 1 trustee is registered in the SFC.

Breakdown of Asset and Wealth Management Business in 2022

The above table details the breakdown of the asset and wealth management business by business line and by client type. The figures are in US\$ billion.

(\$ billion)	LCs	RIIs	ICs	Trustees	Asset and Wealth Management Business	Asset Management and Fund Advisory Business	Private Banking and Private Wealth Management Business	Assets Held under Trusts
Private banking and private wealth management business (excluding Item 1 below)	932	6,662			7,594	–	7,594	–
Asset management business provided to private banking and private wealth management clients (Item 1)	234	1,137			1,371	1,371	1,371	–
Asset management business for other clients	17,360	174	1,081		18,615	18,615	–	–
Fund advisory Business	2,211				2,211	2,211	–	–
SFC-authorised REITs	191				191	191	–	–
Assets held under trusts								
– managed by LCs/RIIs					–	–	–	4,447
– attributable to non-LCs/RIIs				559	559	–	–	559
Total	20,928	7,973	1,081	559	30,541	22,388	8,965	5,006
Relevant section in this report					Section I A	Section I B	Section I C	Section I D

P a e Wea n Ma a eme Re e a Pac e efe Re e a Pac e a e a c d a d b ne H K M e a A n e ed U da e E na ced C m e e c Fame P a e Wea n Ma a eme (ECF-PWM) a d a e 2 5 f ne ECF-PWM d c me da ed 14 J 2021 e c ed ne e n.

P fe a e c de a fe a e , c a e fe a e a d d d a fe a e .

I a fe a e efe e fa de a a a n (a) () f ne def f fe a e ec 1 f Pa 1 f Sced e 1 ne SFO;

C a e fe a e efe c a , c a a e n fa de ec 3(a), (c) a d (d) f ne Sec e a d F e (P fe a l e) R e (Cna e 571D) (P fe a l e R e); a d

I d d a fe a e efe d d a fa de ec 3(b) f ne P fe a l e R e .

Re e ed mea a a n ed f a ca e e ed de ec 119 f ne SFO. A a n ed f a ca mea a a n ed a def ed ec 2(1) f ne Ba O d a ce (Cna e 155).

REIT efe SFC-a n ed ea e a e e me .